

## **KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS (AIKTC)**

Approved by : All India Council for Technical Education, Council of Architecture, Pharmacy Council of India New Delhi, Recognised by : Directorate of Technical Education, Govt. of Maharashtra, Affiliated to : University of Mumbai & Maharashtra State Board of Technical Education.

 $\square$  SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

□ SCHOOL OF ARCHITECTURE

### **Program outcomes (Pos)**

AIKTC-School of Pharmacy (D Pharm Course) w.e.f 2022_23 Program Program outcomes (Pos)	
PO2:Modern tool usage	Learn, select and apply appropriate methods and procedures, resources, and modern pharmacy related computing tools with an understanding of the limitation.
PO3:Leadership skills	Understand and consider the human reaction to change, motivation issues, leadership and team building when planning changes required for fulfillment of practice, professional and societal responsibilities. Assume participatory roles as responsible citizens or leadership roles when appropriate to facilitate improvement in health and wellbeing.
PO4:Professional identity	Understand, analyze and communicate the value of their professional roles in society (e.g. health care professional, promoters of health, educator, managers, employers, employees).
PO5:Pharmaceutical Ethics	Honour personal values and apply ethical principles in professional are contexts. Demonstrate behavior that recognizes cultural and personal variability in values, communication and lifestyles. Use ethical frame apply ethical principles while making decisions and take responsibility outcomes associated with the decisions.
PO6: Communication	Communicate effectively with the pharmacy community and with soc large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports, r effective presentations and documentation, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO7:The Pharmacist and society	Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess soci health, safety and legal issues and the consequent responsibilities rele the professional pharmacy practice.
PO8:Environment and sustainability	Understand the impact of the professional pharmacy solutions in socienvironmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need sustainable development.
PO9:Life-long learning	Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engag independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technolo change. Self-assess and use feedback effectively from others to identi learning needs and to satisfy these needs on an ongoing basis.



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## Course outcomes (Cos)

AIKTC-School of Pharmacy (D Pharm Course) w.e.f 2022-23 Program		
Subject	Course outcomes (Cos)	
<u> </u>	1:Describe about the different dosage forms and their formulation aspects 2:Explain the advantages, disadvantages, and quality control tests of	
PHARMACEUTICS THEORY	different dosage forms  3:Discuss the importance of quality assurance and good	
	manufacturing practices	
PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL	1:Calculate the working formula from the given master formula 2:Formulate the dosage form and dispense in an appropriate container	
	3: Design the label with the necessary product and patient information	
	4:Perform the basic quality control tests for the common dosage forms	
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY THEORY	1:Describe the chemical class, structure and chemical name of the commonly used drugs and pharmaceuticals of both organic and inorganic nature	
	2: Discuss the pharmacological uses, dosage regimen, stability issues and storage conditions of all such chemical substances commonly used as drugs.	
	3: Describe the quantitative and qualitative analysis, impurity testing of the chemical substances given in the official monographs.	
	4:Identify the dosage form & the brand names of the drugs and pharmaceuticals popular in the marketplace	
	<ol> <li>Perform the limit tests for various inorganic elements and report.</li> <li>Prepare standard solutions using the principles of volumetric analysis.</li> </ol>	
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY	3: Test the purity of the selected inorganic and organic compounds against the monograph standards.	
PRACTICAL	4: Synthesize the selected chemical substances as per the standard synthetic scheme.	
	5:Perform qualitative tests to systematically identify the unknown chemical substances	
	<ul><li>1: Identify the important/common crude drugs of natural origin.</li><li>2:Describe the uses of herbs in nutraceuticals and cosmeceuticals</li></ul>	
PHARMACOGNOSY THEORY	3:Discuss the principles of alternative system of medicines  4:Describe the importance of quality control of drugs of natural	
	origin  1:Identify the given crude drugs based on the morphological characteristics	



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	2:Take a transverse section of the given crude drugs
PHARMACOGNOSY	3:Describe the anatomical characteristics of the given crude drug
PRACTICAL	under microscopical conditions
	4:Carry out the physical and chemical tests to evaluate the given
	crude drugs
	1:Describe the various organ systems of the human body
	2: Discuss the anatomical features of the important human organs
HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY THEORY	and tissues.
	3. Explain the homeostatic mechanisms regulating the normal
	physiology in the human system.
	4. Discuss the significance of various vital physiological parameters
	of the human body.
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	1. Perform the haematological tests in human subjects and interpret
	the results.
	2. Record, monitor and document the vital physiological parameters
HUMAN ANATOMY AND	of human subjects and interpret the results.
PHYSIOLOGY PRACTICAL	3. Describe the anatomical features of the important human tissues
	under the microscopical conditions.
	4. Discuss the significance of various anatomical and physiological
	characteristics of the human body.
	1. Discuss about roles of pharmacists in the various national health
SOCIAL PHARMACY THEORY	programs.
	2. Describe various sources of health hazards and disease preventive
	measures.
	3. Discuss the healthcare issues associated with food and nutritional
	substances.
	4. Describe the general roles and responsibilities of pharmacists in
	public health.
	1. Describe the roles and responsibilities of pharmacists in various
COCIAL DILADAMACY	National health programs.
SOCIAL PHARMACY	2. Design promotional materials for public health awareness.
PRACTICAL	3. Describe various health hazards including microbial sources.
	4. Advice on preventive measures for various diseases.
	5. Provide first aid for various emergency conditions.
	1. Describe the basic concepts of pharmacokinetics and
	pharmacodynamics.
PHARMACOLOGY THEORY	2.Enlist the various classes and drugs of choices for any given
	disease condition.
	3. Advice the dosage regimen, route of administration and
	contraindications for a given drug.
	4. Describe the common adverse drug reactions.
	1. Study and report the local anaesthetic, mydriatic and mitotic
	effects of the given drug on the rabbit eye.



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	2. Choose appropriate animal experiment model to study the effects
	of the given drugs acting on the central nervous system and submit
PHARMACOLOGY	the report.
PRACTICAL	3. Perform the effects of given tissues (simulated) on isolated organs
	/ tissues and interpret the results.
	4. Interpret the dose dependent responses of drugs in various animal
	experiment models.
	1. Describe the establishment, legal requirements, and effective
	administration of a community pharmacy.
COMMUNITY PHARMACY	2. Professionally handle prescriptions and dispense medications.
AND MANAGEMENT	3. Counsel patients about the disease, prescription and or non-
THEORY	prescription medicines.
	4. Perform basic health screening on patients and interpret the reports
	in the community pharmacy settings.
	1. Handle and fill prescriptions in a professional manner.
COMMUNITY PHARMACY	2.Counsel patients on various diseases and minor ailments.
AND MANAGEMENT	3. Counsel patients on prescription and or non-prescription
PRACTICAL	medicines.
T KATO TICALE	4. Design and prepare patient information leaflets.
	<ul><li>5. Perform basic health screening tests.</li><li>1. Describe the functions of biomolecules.</li></ul>
	2. Discuss the various functions of enzymes in the human system.
DIOCHEMISTDY 8-	3. Explain the metabolic pathways of biomolecules in both
BIOCHEMISTRY &	physiological and pathological conditions.
CLINICAL PATHOLOGY	4. Describe the principles of organ function tests and their clinical
THEORY	significances.
	5. Determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given biological
	samples, both qualitatively and quantitatively.
	6. Describe the clinical pathology of blood and urine.
	1. Qualitatively determine the biomolecules / metabolites in the given
BIOCHEMISTRY &	biological samples.
CLINICAL PATHOLOGY	2. Determine the normal and abnormal constituents in blood and
PRACTICAL	urine samples and interpret the results of such testing.
	1. Help assessing the subjective and objective parameters of patients
	in common disease conditions.
	2. Assist other healthcare providers to analyse drug related problems
PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS	and provide therapeutic interventions.
THEORY	3. Participate in planning the rational medicine therapy for common
	diseases.
	4. Design and deliver discharge counselling for patients.
	1. Write SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) notes
	for the given clinical cases of selected common diseases.
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<b>PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS</b>	2. Counsel the patients about the disease conditions, uses of drugs,
PRACTICAL	methods of handling and administration of drugs, life-style
	modifications, and monitoring parameters.
	1. Explain about the basic concepts of hospital pharmacy
	administration
	2. Manage the supply chain and distribution of medicines within the
HOSPITAL & CLINICAL	hospital settings.
PHARMACY	3. Assist the other healthcare providers in monitoring drug therapy
THEORY	and address drug related problems.
	4. Interpret common lab investigation reports for optimizing drug
	therapy.
	1. Professionally handle and answer the drug information queries.
	2. Interpret the common laboratory reports.
	3. Report suspected adverse drug reactions using standard
HOSPITAL & CLINICAL	procedures.
PHARMACY	4. Understand the uses and methods of handling various
PRACTICAL	medical/surgical aids and devices.
	5. Interpret and report the drug-drug interactions in common diseases
	for optimizing the drug therapy.
	1. Describe the history and evolution of pharmacy law in India.
	2. Interpret the act and rules regulating the profession and practice of
PHARMACY LAW & ETHICS	pharmacy in India.
THEORY	3. Discuss the various codes of ethics related to practice standards in
	pharmacy.
	4. Interpret the fundamentals of patent laws from the perspectives of
	pharmacy.